

Halloween takes on new-fashioned image

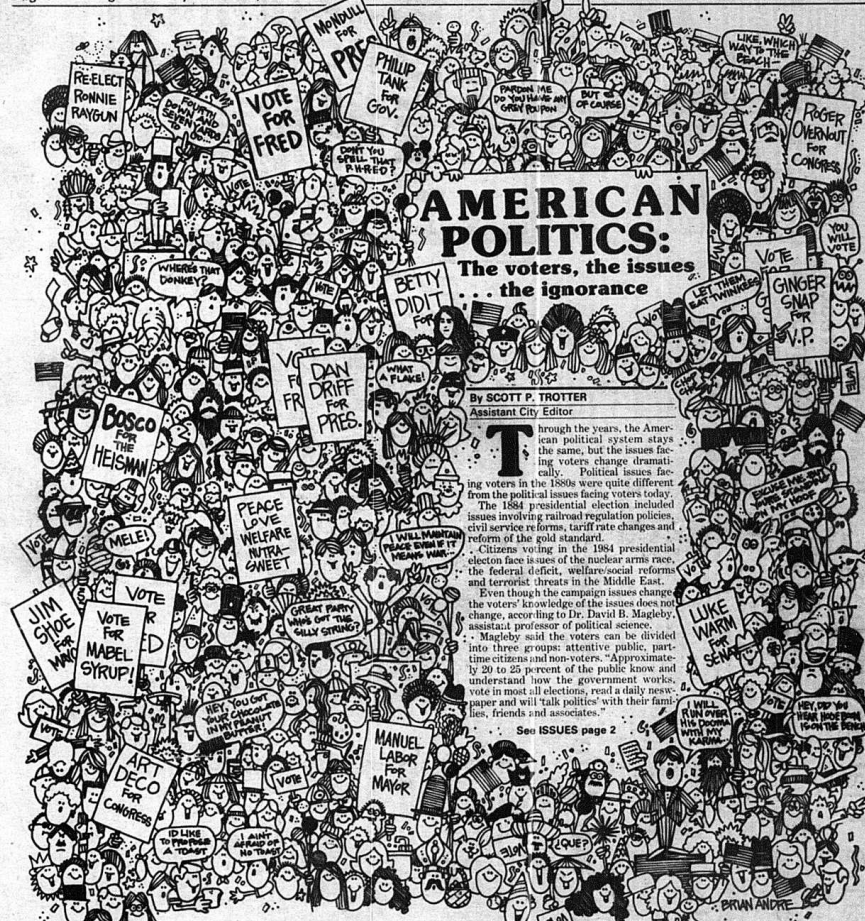
LETTERS TO THE EDITOR:

Universe art by Dave Ling

EDITOR:

MONDAY EDITION

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■ **Page 5** Pumpkins, ghosts, goblins and ghouls — all traditional of a halloween haunt, but how did it all begin?

■ Page 9 Money has become a principal factor in how politicians get elected.

■ **Page 10 Cheating:** It is not only the students' responsibility to prevent it from happening — it is also the teachers'.

Does the majority rule?

Controversy over electoral college continues

By LISA REESE
Universe Staff Writer

Legislation passed in 1787 began a controversy on the method of electing the president of the United States that has continued to present day politics.

The electoral college historically began when the founding fathers feared too much power in the hands of the public would be dangerous.

As the "Merit Students Encyclopedia" states, "The electoral college was their solution to preserving the principle of majority rule."

The founding fathers wanted the electors to be chosen from responsible members of each community, who in turn would cast the presidential vote.

The number of electoral votes a state has is equivalent to the number of senators and congressmen or congresswomen that represent that state in Congress.

For example, Utah is represented in Congress by two senators and three congressmen, thus providing Utah with five electoral votes.

Before an election, each political party selects a group of electors, and the group pledges to vote for its party's candidate.

On Nov. 6, election day, the public in essence will be voting for electors when they place their check next to their presidential choice.

Approximately one month later, the electors will meet and formally cast their ballots for their party's presidential and vice-presidential candidates.

In the principle of the electoral college, the winning candidate of each state receives all the electoral votes for that particular state.

This concept creates controversy because the votes cast for the losing party are not represented.

"By assigning all of a state's electoral

votes to the party that wins the highest number of votes, the electoral college system denies to the minority parties of each state that percentage of votes they rightfully won at the polls," says the "Merit Students Encyclopedia."

The electoral college allows the possibility for a candidate with the minority of votes to win the election.

In a testimony given before the U.S. Judiciary Senate Committee of the 96th Congress, the late Senator Hubert H. Humphrey, of Minnesota, said three of the past U.S. presidents have been chosen by the electoral college, even though more Americans may have voted for his opponent.

In 1824, "Andrew Jackson polled 50,000 votes more than his nearest rival, John Quincy Adams, but lacked a majority because of the votes received by two other candidates. The election was thus thrown to the House of Representatives under the provisions of the Constitution. There, through pressure and influence, Adams was ultimately chosen to be president," Humphrey said.

The second incident occurred in 1876 when "Samuel J. Tilden received almost 255,000 votes more than Rutherford B. Hayes. Hayes won the election, however, through a vote in the electoral commission set up to decide the contest," he said.

The electoral college has been a useful tool in elections throughout history, but it has become an obstacle to true democratic selection," Humphrey said.

"The time has come to elect the president and vice president of the United States by direct popular vote."

"It is bad enough that the present system permits the possibility of a president (being elected) with a minority of the popular vote, or tied votes in the electoral college being decided against the will of the people, or third parties playing a

pivotal role in the ultimate selection process," Humphrey said.

Though weaknesses exist in the electoral college, the system has been adequate throughout history.

David B. Magleby, an assistant professor of political science, said the electoral college "provides important incentives which are moderate and accommodating for promoting Federalism."

An additional side-effects reward the populous states, he said, and it is a good counterbalance to the attention senators give to the less populated states. Magleby said, "the electoral college has been good; it has its weaknesses, but weaknesses will exist in any type of system."

Richard Cohen, a member of the National U.S. Labor Party, addressed the Electoral College and Direct Election hearing of the 96th Congress Judiciary Senate Committee with a plea to leave the electoral college system as it is.

Cohen said it is the responsibility of Congress to restore the faith of the American people in the electoral college process.

His support stemmed from Alexander Hamilton's comments cited in the "Federalist Papers." "It was desirable that the sense of the people should operate in the choice of the person to whom so important a trust is to be confided."

"A small number of persons, selected by the people, will be most likely to possess the information and discernment requisite to such complicated investigations," Cohen said.

Cohen's reasoning is that the "best people qualified" would select a president and at the same time provide insurance against manipulation of the electoral process.

Of the 538 total electoral votes, 270 are needed to win.

EPA says monitor system on toxic wastes not working

NEW YORK (AP) — A report drafted by the Environmental Protection Agency says the system set up to monitor leakage of contamination from toxic waste dumps and storage sites into underground water systems is not working. The New York Times reported.

A 1976 federal law outlines how waste operators are to handle dangerous wastes, dumps and storage sites, but leaves much of the enforcement to the states. However, the Times quoted the report as saying some states have been reluctant to spend the time and commit the resources needed to watch over the waste sites, leaving operators to police themselves in many cases.

Final permits for the processing or storage of toxic wastes can be granted only when accompanied by information from the monitoring, and consequently only a few hundred of the thousands of known waste sites across the country have received final permits.

The great majority are operating under interim permits, which also means they are operating under less stringent reporting requirements.

according to the Times. The report, which had not been formally approved by the agency, acknowledges that some fault lies with the EPA for not moving aggressively to oversee the state monitoring efforts to assure that standards for protecting groundwater supplies were met, the newspaper said.

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Sharlene stresses using opportunity

It's important to take advantage of opportunities, develop self-confidence and be tolerant of others. Miss America Sharlene Wells said at a 15-Stake Fireside Friday night in the Marriott Center.

The fireside also featured a performance by the Young Ambassadors, a special presentation to Wells by ASBYU President Bob Miller, and talks by Wells' parents.

Wells first spoke about the importance of taking advantage of opportunities. "I have always been very aware of opportunities," she said. "At the same time I have also been aware that the Lord must have some purpose for me because of how much he's blessed me."

Her family moved many times while she was growing up, Wells said, and it was sometimes difficult trying to fit in.

"One day I just realized that in order for me to fit in anywhere I go, I must first fit in myself." Having confidence is important, she said.

Wells said it was hard to be confident when she first came to BYU because "I thought I was just one against a million. But then I realized that here we are all one against a million, and I had the same chance as anyone else," she said.

Wells talked about the friends and family members who have had an influence on her. "I look at all these people in my life and try to pick out the one thing in each of them that I want to emulate."

Wells said in closing, "We all have the potential some day to be looking down on an earth. That magnifies our responsibilities now, because we all have so much at stake later on."

"If we but learn to do His will, that is the key," she added. "Everything will fall into place, if we but allow ourselves to be guided by Him."

Wells' mother, Elaine, praised her daughter for always setting goals.

Wells' father, Elder Robert E. Wells of the LDS First Quorum of Seventy, listed the four categories Miss America contestants are judged in: interview, talent, swimsuit and evening gown.

"But I think where Sharlene really won was in a fifth category, that of spirituality," he said.

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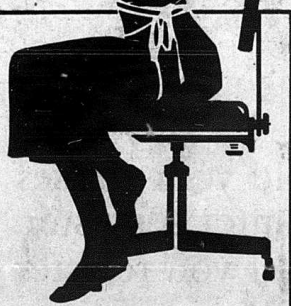
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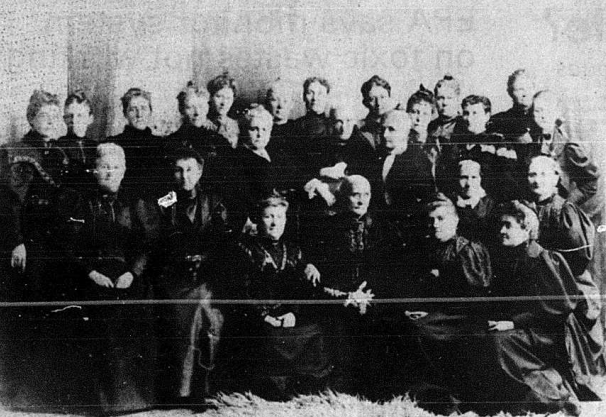
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357 ELWC

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for more information.



This group of women were members of the Utah suffragettes. In 1893, Wyoming was the first state to grant women the right to vote. Utah ladies voted twice before Wyoming women got the chance.

Hepatitis virus identified

WASHINGTON (AP) — Federal researchers have identified the virus that causes the principal form of hepatitis transmitted through blood transfusions, and they say the findings should lead to an effective screening test to identify contaminated blood supplies.

Scientists from the Food and Drug Administration and the National Institutes of Health said the agent, or a closely related group of agents, that causes this type of hepatitis is an elusive retrovirus.

Members of this family of viruses have been implicated in causing a number of human diseases, including rare forms of cancer and acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), as well as various animal diseases.

In a report to be published Friday in The Lancet, a British medical journal, researchers say they found evidence of the virus, or viruses, causing what is called non-A, non-B hepatitis in four human serum specimens and two samples of plasma-derived blood products.

Dr. Robert J. Gershy, of the FDA, said in an interview the scientists also found similar evidence of retroviruses in all serum tested from 12 patients with acute or chronic cases of hepatitis.

In all cases, the researchers detected an enzyme called reverse transcriptase in the samples, Gershy

said. This enzyme is necessary for retroviruses to duplicate and is a strong indication of their presence, he added.

Although not reported in the published study, Gershy said the researchers have seen the actual virus, and it looks nothing like those that cause other types of hepatitis.

"Now we can look at it, develop screening tests and remove it from the blood supply," he said, adding that he has already developed a prototype assay that may lead to a diagnostic test after further research.

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West gives women vote first

By KAREN E. HILL
Universe Staff Writer

Wyoming was the first state to give its women the right to vote in 1890, but Utah women actually voted on two occasions before the Wyoming women got the chance to use their new power.

Kathryn McKay, historian at the Women's Resource Center of the University of Utah, said the western states gave their women the right to vote long before the rest of the nation because they hoped it would attract women to the West. She said in Wyoming the men outnumbered the women six to one, and so the impact of women's voting was not as great as in Utah, where the numbers were almost equal.

McKay added that in 1869 eastern politicians had recommended universal suffrage for Utah as a means to get rid of polygamy. George W. Julian, of Indiana, proposed a bill called "A Bill to Discourage Polygamy in Utah." It was designed to give women in the territories the right to vote. Unfortunately, the bill did not pass the federal government, but the controversy over it helped pave the way for the passage of a territorial bill in 1870.

Utah women enjoyed their voting privilege for about 15 years, said McKay. When the Edmunds-Tucker Act was passed in 1886, the federal government disenfranchised men who practiced polygamy and all women in Utah.

In an article written by Jean B. White, Weber State College associate professor of political science, it is noted that LDS women had not taken a very active part in the national suffrage movement up to this point, and most of the members of the movement didn't really support LDS women in their fight because of polygamy. White said that one outstanding suffragette did try to help the Utah cause. Susan B. Anthony went out of her way to encourage the women not to give up. She visited the state and even wrote a letter just prior to the convention to outline the Utah State constitution in 1890 that urged women to get universal suffrage written into the constitution.

The women had organized the Woman Suffrage Association of Utah at the time the right to vote was taken away in Utah, and many of the prominent women of the LDS Church were involved, said McKay. Eliza R. Snow, Emily S. Richards and Emmeline B. Wells were three of the lead-

ers of the movement. There were also many supporters of women's suffrage among the men of Utah as well. George Q. Cannon wrote editorials in The Salt Lake Tribune enumerating the positive aspects of women's rights, said White.

The Manifesto rescinding polygamy was passed in 1890. Proponents of universal suffrage hoped this would change the opinions of Easterners about Utah.

One of the strongest opponents of women's suffrage was Brigham H. Roberts, an outstanding speaker in the LDS Church, said White. He felt that statehood was endangered by the addition of universal suffrage in the Utah constitution. White said Roberts spoke to many groups and almost persuaded the delegates to wait and discuss women's rights after the constitution was ratified.

Fortunately, Franklin S. Richards, a lawyer, and Orson F. Whitney, LDS author and historian, came to the women's defense, and the section dealing with universal suffrage was passed with a vote of 75 to 16, White said.

As a result of universal suffrage, women in Utah soon began to take part in the government.

Husband-wife clergy team devoted to marriage, work

GRANTS PASS, Ore. (AP) — There are times when the idea of a celibate Protestant clergy appeals to the Rev. Donna Lowman-Pritchard, pastor of United Methodist churches in Cave Junction and Wilderville.

"You wouldn't spread yourself too thin with a commitment to another person," she says. "But I can tell you, thank God for Martin Luther."

With that she laughs and slaps the knee of her husband, the Rev. Joe Lowman-Pritchard, who is associate minister at the Newman United Methodist Church in this southern Oregon city.

Luther was the founder of the 16th-century Protestant Reformation that split off from the Roman Catholic Church, in which celibacy still is a requirement for the priesthood.

The Lowman-Pritchards are one of 10 clergy couples in the Oregon-Idaho Annual Conference of the United Methodist Church, which covers Oregon and southern Idaho.

"The United Methodist Church has recognized the increasing importance of women in the ministry," said Mrs. Lowman-Pritchard. "We are trying to realize that two-career clergy can be a way of speaking to the community about two-career couples."

Like many married couples, the Lowman-Pritchards met in school. In this case it was the Hilt School of Theology in Denver.

After being ordained about a year ago, she was posted at Cave Junction, and he was assigned to churches in Greenville and Taylorsville, Calif., near Lassen Volcanic National Park.

Continuing their courtship long distance, they finally were married last May. Lowman-Pritchard transferred to the church in Grants Pass and moved into the Cave Junction parsonage with his new wife.

"I looked long and hard at it when we were apart," Lowman-Pritchard said of the idea of marrying another minister. "I am much happier this year. First of all, I am married to Donna. Whether we are in the ministry or in other things, I think that is what the relationship will be."


His wife adds: "We both are good at what we do and committed to what we do. We are also committed to making a relationship. It's not always easy to do both."

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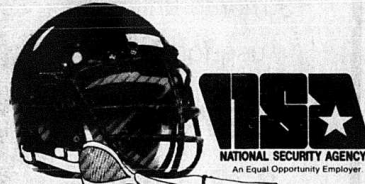
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On Campus Recruiting Dates:
Nov. 15, 16, 1984

Halloween is a mix of traditions

By JONETTE UDABRE
Senior Reporter

Trick and treats, and ghosts and goblins user in Halloween today as they did in ancient times. However, what used to be a solemn occasion consisting of superstitious rituals is now a night of foolish fun and recently, of dangerous pranks.

Halloween as we know it is a mixture of Christian and pagan rituals. It originated with the ancient Druid priests of the Celtic people in Britain, who believed the "Lord of Death" gathered the wicked spirits together on Oct. 31, the close of the Druids' year, and unleashed his powers. Fires were built on hillside to ward off these evil spirits, and gifts were given with prayers to pacify the Lord of Death. The night was known as "All Hallow's Eve," which eventually was shortened to Halloween.

Paganism was later outlawed after the rise of

Christianity, but traces of its traditions continued to be practiced with a religious turn. The end of October became a standard time for honoring departed spirits who, as it was believed, entered the homes of relatives to enjoy warm fires and food.

Other countries adopted these ancient traditions, adding a flair of their own customs to the evening. People in Wales anciently begged for bread to put on graves.

Great importance was placed on the weather during Halloween by Germanic and Scandinavian countries. If evil spirits were ushered in by a light breeze, the next year's weather would be temperate. However, if strong winds blew, warfare was in store.

Other ancient Halloween symbols and traditions from various countries have survived the centuries and were brought to the New World.

Belief in witches was common in many countries,

and people pictured them as old women riding on brooms, casting evil spells. Brooms were believed to be used because they were kept by the hearth where old women sat to keep warm.

The carved pumpkin originated from the Scottish people, whose children carved large turnips and placed candles or chunks of coal inside to scare off evil spirits.

The cat, which is a symbol used in Halloween activities, was once a sacred animal among the Druids. They believed humans who were cursed by evil deeds had taken this form.

The present day trick or treating has survived from an ancient Irish custom. On this night groups of farmers went door-to-door soliciting food for the village. Generous givers were promised good luck and prosperity while stingy contributors were threatened.

Costumes came from a custom in Scotland and Wales. People dressed up in frightening outfits to fool the spirits into thinking they were one of them so they would not be harmed.

In former days Halloween night was a time of predicting the future, and rituals calling for spiritual manifestations were practiced.

In Ireland, a soup was served in which a ring, a thimble and a doll were added to the ingredients. The person who received the ring in the soup would be married the coming year. The receiver of the thimble would never marry, and the doll meant future children.

Matrimonial revelations were also made in the burning of nuts over coals. A girl selected three nuts, naming one for herself and the other two after two lovers. If one of the "lovers" nuts burned beside hers, the lover would be true. If the nuts separated there would not be happy relationships with either lover.

England practiced many of the Scotch and Irish customs of spiritual revelations, adding some of their own. Youth could receive knowledge of their future mates by peeling an apple in one strip, throwing it over their left shoulder and finding the shape of the intended initial in the peeling on the floor.

Although some of the Halloween symbols and customs have survived the centuries, the seriousness of the customs has been lost. Today's modern world has replaced the ancient solemn gatherings by lively parties. Dressing up is not used to fool the spirits but to imitate a favorite hero or villain, and candy has taken the place of nuts and fruits once used to honor the Roman goddess of orchards.

Today's "new Halloween" has become a playful night for youth and recently an excuse for adults to escape their mundane identities through costumes and celebrations.

Last year Time magazine reported several Halloween parties planned for adults. Old mansions, discos and hotel ballrooms in many large cities were transformed into ghostly grounds where as many as 50,000 people were expected to attend.

Even costumeing has changed. The traditional ghost, vampire and witch costumes are being replaced by up-beat heroes, movie stars and villains. Associated Press reported Michael Jackson's biggest selling for \$1.15 at one of the country's largest costume shops this year. Other popular dress-up items include Reagan masks and Mr. T. costumes.

Today, Halloween is a unique American celebration with a mix of old rituals and new customs.

Unfortunately, some people in society have twisted the holiday fun and dampened celebrations by harmful acts. Trick or treating, which is one of the oldest Halloween customs practiced throughout the United States, has suffered from these potentially dangerous acts.

Last year, the threats of poisons, pins and razor blades kept many children home. Several towns tried to ban trick or treating, and parents and organizations planned parties to ensure a safe celebration.

Some communities have taken action by providing safety lectures and X-ray services.

Safety practices and proper costumeing were demonstrated to a "standing room only" crowd at Utah Valley Regional Medical Center Oct. 22, said Jerry Sorenson, public relations director.

In an effort to increase Halloween safety, the hospital is offering free X-ray service for treats on Wednesday evening.

Also discussed at the meeting were different ways children could avoid being molested or attacked by strangers.

With the possible dangers of trick or treating, numerous parties are planned by various organizations around Provo. Student wards are sponsoring costume dances, pumpkin-carving contests and spook allies. Several movie theaters are featuring mysteries and spine-tingling thrillers, and haunted houses are in business.

Despite potential dangers created by some people, Halloween night continues to hold its ghostly traditions and draw a mystical air of celebration and frolicsome fun every year.

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The Halloween season brings out the traditional crop of unusual costumes. The origin of these different looks is as varied as the looks themselves.

Proposition 2 would alter session periods

By JULIE A. HOPKINS
Universe Staff Writer

All state legislative sessions will be 45 days long if Proposition 2 is adopted by Utah citizens.

As it presently stands, the budget session is 20 days long in even-numbered years, and the general session lasts 60 days on odd-numbered years.

This change would eliminate the budget session, allowing the Legislature to consider any bill or resolution filed each year.

Representative Frank Knowlton, of Layton, supports the proposition. He said the change would give more time for working on the budget, give new representatives a better chance to introduce legislation during their first term, and give citizens more opportunities to be involved with the legislation process.

Representative Samuel Taylor, Salt Lake City, is against the proposition. In the Utah Voter Information Packet, Taylor said the proposition would cost taxpayers about \$350,000, and a better solution requiring the Legislature to meet 40 days annually should be considered.

Gubernatorial candidates Wayne Owens and Norm Bangert both support Proposition 2.

Owens' son Doug said: "Ten more days will give more time to work on bills. Utah has more bills because the population of the state is growing, which causes more problems, so you

need more time."

Bangert's press secretary, Francine Giani, said, "Bangert supports it because the bills presently have to go through (the Legislature) twice, once as a resolution and once as a bill."

Knowlton said, "I think the budget session takes a certain amount of time, and 20 days is too short." Taylor said, "To reduce the present 60-day general session to 45 days—in my opinion—is an admission that the responsibilities of the Legislature can be just as effective in 45 days as it can be in 60 days."

Taylor said there is no reason for the additional "costly" days, but the 20-day budget session does need to be changed.

Each day the Legislature meets, it costs \$13,000, according to Taylor. He said, "I would suggest that other priorities such as education, housing, utilities, day care centers, and Medicare can gain from the savings."

The change will allow new members of the Legislature a chance to indoctrinate themselves to the process, according to Knowlton. Presently, legislators can only submit legislation not dealing with the budget every other year in Utah.

"These new legislators have no opportunity to prepare themselves (for submitting a bill the first time the Legislature meets)," Knowlton continued.

Taylor said: "This new proposal may possibly allow for more bills to consider, more taxes, more restrictions, less freedom. Are these what you want?"

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Zoom Lenses

What is a zoom lens, after all? If you could by magic move closer to or farther away from any subject it would have about the same effect on your picture as "zooming" a zoom lens. The degree to which you can zoom in or zoom out is limited by the focal length range of the lens. Adding a non-zoom telephoto or wide angle lens does the same thing but the degree of telephoto magnification or wide angle scope is fixed. It doesn't change as zoom lenses do.

Zoom lenses are divided into two general groups. Wide angle zooms which generally go from wide angle to slightly telephoto and telephoto zooms which go from moderate telephoto to more powerful telephoto.

Wide angle zooms are the area where the greatest advances have been made lately. The outstanding value is the 28-80mm zoom. This lens includes the 28mm focal length, which is the most popular wide angle. It also includes the 80mm focal length which is the normal lens that usually comes with the camera. The 80mm part of the range is only mildly telephoto but it is an ideal focal length for portraits. This is the first truly multi-purpose lens, one that actually replaces 3 lenses that people sometimes buy separately.

For a lot of people it makes sense to use the 28-80mm zoom in place of a normal lens. A 28-80 zoom is slower than a 50mm normal lens but the percent of high quality fast films compensates for that. The extra cost of the 28-80 is quite a bit less than the cost of a normal, an 85 or 135 telephoto. The convenience of continuously variable range is the free bonus.

There are some other wide angle zooms such as those that start at 24mm or even 20mm but those don't go past the normal range such as 24-45 etc. and although they look attractive to me not many people buy them. There are also the zooms that go from wide angle to a more powerful telephoto range such as 35-200. These are very impressive but a little on the expensive side. Next week we will cover the telephoto zooms and explore the term "macro."

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SPORTS

Dolphins still undefeated; Broncos slip past Raiders

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

For the ninth straight week, sensational Dan Marino was right on target for the Miami Dolphins Sunday as he led the National Football League's only unbeaten team to a 38-7 rout of the winless Buffalo Bills.

Meanwhile, the Denver Broncos edged the Los Angeles Raiders 22-19 in overtime in a battle of American Conference West powers and the New York Giants took a surprisingly easy victory over the Washington Redskins, 37-13.

In another afternoon game, the San Francisco 49ers crushed the Los Angeles Rams 33-0 in a key NFC West contest.

Marino continued his assault on

Miami's team record book by passing for 282 yards and three touchdowns. Marino completed 19 of 25 passes, including scoring tosses of 7, 65 and 10 yards, as Miami improved its record to 9-0—the best start in the NFL since the Minnesota Vikings were 10-0 in 1975.

The second-year quarterback shattered Bob Griese's Dolphins single-season passing yardage mark of 2,473 yards late in the first quarter and finished the day with 2,672 yards. Seven regular season games are left in the 1984 campaign.

Barefoot Denver place-kicker Rich Karlis booted a 35-yard field goal in time expired in sudden-death overtime to give the Broncos a thrilling

victory over the defending Super Bowl champion Raiders.

The Broncos got their chance when safety Roger Jackson intercepted a pass from Los Angeles quarterback Marc Wilson and returned it 23 yards to the Raiders' 22-yard line with 38 seconds remaining.

The victory muddled the already tightly-bunched NFC East race. Joe Montana threw for 365 yards and three touchdowns as the 49ers blanked the Rams, completing 21 of his 31 attempts.

The victory gave the 49ers an 8-1 record and padded their West Division lead to three games over the Rams.

In earlier action, the New England Patriots came back from a 17-point deficit to whip the New York Jets 30-20 in an important AFC East battle and make a winner of Raymond Berry in his NFL coaching debut.

In other NFL action, Cincinnati downed winless Houston 31-13, Dallas, with Danny White at quarterback, dropped Indianapolis 22-3; Chicago defeated Minnesota 7-3; New Orleans ripped Cleveland 16-14; Pittsburgh buried Atlanta 35-10; St. Louis dumped Philadelphia 34-14; Green Bay stomped Detroit 41-9.

Women harriers dominate

Two BYU women's cross country teams finished in first and second place on Saturday in Logan at the Utah State Cross Country Invitational.

The BYU-Blue team paced by Janell Burgen, who finished second overall, won the competition with 33 points. The BYU-White team finished as runner-up even though Jill Holiday finished first in the 5,000-meter race.

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Wyoming rolls over Rams; Utah bombs UTEP Miners

FORT COLLINS, Colo. (AP) — Fullback Dave Evans rushed for 288 yards and two touchdowns and halfback Kevin Lowe added 170 yards and two more scores, powering Wyoming's big-play wishbone offense to a 43-34 Western Athletic Conference victory over Colorado State Saturday.

The victory raised Wyoming's record to 5-4 overall and 4-2 in the conference. Colorado State fell to 2-6 and 2-4.

Wyoming's offensive explosion, featuring 565 total yards and scoring plays of 82 and 68 yards, offset a four-touchdown passing performance by Colorado State quarterback Kelly Stouffer.

Stouffer fired two touchdown passes less than three minutes apart early in the fourth quarter, drawing the Rams from 43-21 to 43-34, but Wyoming linebacker Bruce Mowry snuffed out a subsequent threat on an interception with 5:08 remaining.

At the half, the Cowboys led 29-21 after an 80-yard drive for a score. The Cowboys never looked back after that.

In Salt Lake City, freshman running back Eddie Johnson rushed for 248 yards and three touchdowns to spark Utah to a 43-15 victory over Texas-El Paso in a WAC game Saturday.

Johnson's yardage total broke a school record of 232 yards set by Del Rodgers in 1981 against Wyoming.

The Utes' victory was their ninth straight at home and evened their season record at 4-4-1. They are 3-2-1 in conference play. The Miners are now 1-6 for the year and 0-4 in the WAC.

Another record was set by Utah placekicker Andre Guardi who kicked his 39th straight conversion, breaking the old conference record of 37, held by former Ute Gil Alvarez.

Johnson scored his first touchdown on a 15-yard run in the first quarter.

WAC STANDINGS

Conference					Overall				
W	L	T	Pts	Opp	W	L	T	Pts	Opp
5	0	0	185	85	9	0	0	294	127
4	2	0	187	151	5	4	0	139	247
3	2	0	76	75	5	3	0	132	125
3	2	1	164	111	4	4	1	277	196
3	2	1	163	100	3	4	1	194	137
2	3	0	148	110	5	3	0	273	146
2	4	0	103	201	2	6	0	134	249
1	4	0	79	166	4	4	0	196	212
0	4	0	44	152	1	6	0	93	213

Next week's games

Texas-El Paso at BYU
Wyoming at Hawaii
Colorado State at Utah
Air Force at Army
New Mexico at Baylor
Nevada-Las Vegas at San Diego State

The Utes never trailed in the game as they racked up 22 points in the first half and added 21 in the second. The Miners managed to avert a shutout by scoring 15 points of their own, all of which came after intermission.

After UTEP's second touchdown, Johnson broke Rodgers' rushing record and scored from 13 yards out for his third touchdown of the game. Guardi's kick, his 38th in a row, broke the Ute WAC record, which he extended after Utah's final touchdown with two minutes remaining.

In a late game Saturday night in Honolulu, the Hawaii Rainbow Warriors defeated San Diego State 16-10.

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Huskies win in comeback; Oklahoma, Ohio State lose

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Jacque Robinson ran for three touchdowns in the second half and the No. 1 ranked Washington Huskies came from behind Saturday to beat the Arizona Wildcats, 28-12 in a turnover-plagued Pacific-10 Conference game.

In Lawrence, Kan., Dodge Schwartzburg kicked four field goals and Wayne Ziegler scored on a 63-yard interception return Saturday, sparking Kansas, a 28-point underdog, to a 28-11 college football upset of second-ranked Oklahoma.

Oklahoma, 5-1-1, was forced to go with freshman quarterback Troy Aikman because of an injury to senior Danny Bradley and the Sooners' offense never lifted off, making only five first downs in the first half.

In Austin, Texas, linebacker Ty Allen's fourth-period quarterback sack and James Lott's controversial

pass defense preserved No. 3-ranked Texas' 13-7 victory over No. 14 Southern Methodist.

Late in the fourth period, SMU had a fourth-and-goal just outside the Texas 10. As the Mustangs threw a pass into the end zone, it appeared Lott interfered with the SMU receiver, but no call was made.

In other games involving the Top 10, No. 4 Nebraska trampled Kansas State 62-14. No. 6 Ohio State was upset 16-14 by Wisconsin. Notre Dame surprised No. 7 Louisiana State 30-22. No. 9 South Carolina remained unbeaten, defeating East Carolina 42-20, and No. 10 Oklahoma State slipped past Colorado 20-14.

In the Second Ten, No. 11 Boston College beat Rutgers 35-23. No. 12 Auburn edged Mississippi State 24-21. No. 13 Georgia stomped Kentucky 37-7. No. 17 Iowa got past Indiana 24-20. No. 18 West Virginia downed No. 19 Penn State 17-14, and No. 20 USC ripped California 31-7.

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Alonzo trades barrio for Provo

By TOD SANDERS
Universe Sports Writer

It's a long way from the barrio in El Monte, Calif., to Provo. It's a distance that transcends mileage and mountains, because the main separation is cultural.

Assistant baseball coach Steve Alonzo not only survived the drug-infested environment and gang violence of the barrio, but he somehow found his way to BYU.

Growing up in south El Monte was not exactly like living in Beaver Cleaver's neighborhood.

"Everything was really heavy duty with the guys. I hung around with 'em," Alonzo said. "We started sniffling glue when we were 13, but I realized how stupid that was."

"My friends moved on to marijuana, reds and heroin. It destroyed them," he said. "They had to battle to make it through every day — they went through hell."

"I had a good friend die of an overdose, and one of my best friends is in prison for murder."

Or the 14 neighborhood friends he grew up with, he was the only one to graduate from high school. The others either dropped out or were kicked out before their junior years.

"I couldn't have made it without good parents and athletics," Alonzo said. "My parents emphasized sports, and baseball and football were my way out."

He was bused to Arroyo High School, in a predominantly white neighborhood, to help integrate it with Mexican-American students.

But back in El Monte it was the same old thing. The club Alonzo and his 14 friends had started had become a gang.

"We had people gunning for us all the time," he said. "We only had two really big gang fights, and I almost got killed by a knife in one of them. I never

"We had people gunning for us all the time. We only had two really big gang fights, and I almost got killed by a knife in one of them."

— Steve Alonzo
Assistant coach

got arrested because I always knew when to leave."

Under the influence of Bob Stettin, Alonzo's high school football coach, sports began to play a more important role in his life.

"Coach Stettin made me want to be like him because he carried for me off the field as well as on it," Alonzo said.

Even though he graduated from high school, his grades were less than sterling, so he decided to enroll at Rio Hondo Junior College in nearby Whittier. Shortly after starting fall baseball practice he threw out his arm, prompting a decision to withdraw from school and find a job.

"I quit school and worked for two years," he said. "Then I started getting in some trouble. But I always had this feeling like there was something missing in my life."

He decided to go back to Rio Hondo, but had not planned on playing baseball again.

The baseball coach at Rio Hondo used to be a teammate of mine in high school," Alonzo said. "He had heard that I was back going to school, and told me that he needed a catcher, so I decided to give it a try."

A two-year layoff from the game did not seem to have much effect on him, because he proceeded to make all-conference.

He was then recruited by schools like Long Beach State and Pepperdine, but he decided to attend little Azusa Pacific college.

Although he was at Azusa to play baseball, he could not resist trying out for the football team as a walk-on. Three games into the season he became the starting middle linebacker — all 165 pounds of

him.

His college football career did not last long, however; a couple of games later he made a jarring tackle that split his helmet and sent him to the hospital with a serious concussion.

After graduation, "it took about 10 minutes" for Alonzo to be hired as high school teacher and coach at Mountain View high, back in the battlegrounds of south El Monte.

"The principal at Mountain View was my old P.E. teacher at Arroyo," Alonzo said. "He knew my background and thought I could work well with the kids. It was like 'Welcome Back, Kotter.'"

While at Mountain View, Alonzo did volunteer work with the El Monte police. In a little over seven years, he attended 15 gang-related funerals of kids he taught and worked with.

"The crime rate went way down," he said. "We got the kids involved in athletics and had them take the graffiti off the walls."

After several years at Mountain View, he thought he might like to give college coaching a try, but he was not quite sure what to do about it.

"I had been brought into the LDS church by my next-door neighbor, and shortly after that I saw Jerry Siegleimil, who had been my coach at Rio Hondo," he said. "I knew that Jerry was Mormon, and when I told him I had gotten baptized he about flipped. He had just finished his master's at BYU and suggested I do the same thing."

Alonzo will be finishing his master's degree in Professional Leadership in April; he then wants to coaching position at the college level.

Looking back over his life, he waxes philosophic. "I always seemed to be going up and down in my life, but when you find what you are looking for things just start to fall into place," he said. "I mean, who would have expected me, a street kid from El Monte, to end up being an assistant baseball coach in a first-class program like BYU?"

Little-known Italian wins New York City Marathon

NEW YORK (AP) —

Overcoming serious stomach cramps and extreme heat and humidity, Orlando Pizzolo, a little-known 26-year-old distance runner from Italy, scored a stunning upset victory in the New York City Marathon Sunday.

But there was no surprise in the women's race, as Grete Waitz of Norway won for the third consecutive year and the sixth time in seven years.

Pizzolo, who never had won a marathon in 12 previous races, led from near the halfway mark of the 26-mile, 385-yard event and struggled to the finish line, stopping to hold his stomach eight times during the final five miles. His time of 2 hours, 14 minutes, 53 seconds, was the slowest in the race's 15-year history since 1975 when Tom Fleming clocked 2:19:27. At that time, however, the

course went only through Central Park. Pizzolo was not considered in the class of previous winners like Rod Dixon, last year's first-place finisher.

Dixon was unable to defend his title. Suffering stomach cramps, he dropped out about 100 yards before the 21-mile mark, when he was in fourth place.

Waitz, who also admitted to having stomach cramps early in the race, was clocked in 2:29:30, her slowest finish since winning the New York City race for the first time in 1978.

Waitz, loser of only one race in eight previous marathons in which she had finished — when she wound up second to Joan Benoit of the United States in the Los Angeles Olympics — said she almost quit Sunday's race in the early going, when the stomach cramps bothered her continually.

A runner collapsed and died in the marathon, according to the city's Emergency Medical Service.

EMS spokeswoman Eileen Herterberg said the marathoner, a 48-year-old man, collapsed in Queens near the 59th Street bridge shortly after 1:30 p.m.



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Y women spikers stumble, drop 2 matches on the road

By NEIL BAIR
Universe Sports Writer

The road proved to be a tough place to play as the BYU women's volleyball team fell to Colorado State 3-1, 15-10, 9-15, 15-8, 15-6 Thursday and 15-11, 16-11, 15-10 on Friday in High Country State Athletic Conference action.

The two losses came just one week after the 12th-ranked Cougars completed a three-match sweep over three of the nation's top 20 teams, including No. 1 Cal Poly-San Luis Obispo.

BYU's record fell to 21-11 following the two defeats, but its conference record slipped to 4-3, behind 7-0 CSU and 5-2 Wyoming. With only five HCAAC matches remaining, BYU's hopes of a third straight conference title look dim.

Thursday's action saw the Cougars jump out to a 2-1 games lead before the 10th-ranked Lady Rams battled back to win the final two games to take the match.

"Tonight was one of those nights when we played well, and then not so well," said BYU coach Elaine Michaels. "The first game we played so beautifully, but the second game was really sad."

The Cougars used good team play to put together a 15-7 win in the first game, but were stunned 15-0 in the second game. BYU won the third game 15-9 to come within one game of collecting its seventh consecutive victory.

BYU took a 5-0 lead in the fourth game, but CSU

outscored the Cougars 15-3 the rest of the way to win 15-8 and tie the match at two games apiece.

The Rams coasted to a 15-6 victory in the fifth game to clinch the match and capture their second consecutive victory over BYU this season.

"They have a strong team and beat us in the things we usually do best — serving and receiving serves," Michaels said.

The Cougar defense was not able to contain CSU's Sherrie Danielson and Laurie Vail. The two players had 19 and 16 kills, respectively, and played key roles in the Rams' victory over BYU on Oct. 4.

Senior Raelyn Hoglund had 16 kills to lead BYU. Senior Karen Doane had 10 and sophomore Socorro Leal added nine as the Cougars lost to CSU for only the fourth time in 11 1/2 seasons.

After dropping the first game 15-11 to Wyoming on Friday, BYU had all but tied the match with a 14-7 lead in the second frame. But the Cougars shut out the Cougars throughout the remainder of the contest to win 16-14 and take a 2-0 lead in games.

The two teams battled to a 5-5 tie in the third game before Wyoming again rose to the occasion. The Wyoming defense once again shut out the Cougars completely while tallying 10 unanswered points of their own to win the game, 15-5, and the match three games to none.

"We just weren't able to play with intensity and we couldn't concentrate on what we were doing. It was not a good effort on our part," Michaels said.

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Kittens hope for victory in final game of season

It's the last chance of the season for BYU's jayvee football team to claim a victory as they take on Idaho State's jayvees this afternoon. Kickoff is at 2:30 p.m. in Cougar Stadium.

In case of snow or rain, the game will be played on the BYU practice football field instead of in the stadium.

The Kittens, 0-5, hope to bring everything together and upset the 1-1 Bengals.

According to BYU coach Dennis Miller, Brian Hunt will be the signal caller for BYU. The Kittens won't have the assistance of any varsity players this week, with the possible exception of halfback Paul Crawford.

The Kittens have had trouble scoring this year. They've suffered several lopsided losses, including a 24-3 season opener loss to Dixie College, and a 45-0 shutout against Ricks College.



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Fund raising out of control Spending limit needed

By TIM CHAVEZ
Universe Staff Writer

Money has always played a role in American elections now it is becoming dominant. Increasingly, voices inside and outside of Congress warn that the nation's political system is being corrupted by the politicians' obsession with raising large sums of money.

The Nov. 6 election will culminate the most expensive campaign in U.S. history. A record \$800 million will be spent nationally, according to analysts for U.S. News & World Report.

Many politicians, however, feel the need for reform in limiting campaign fund raising and spending.

Paul Rogers, deputy manager and financial coordinator for Utah Republican gubernatorial candidate Norm Bangerter, said: "Limiting campaign spending is a worthwhile idea, but determining a limit would be difficult. It is especially difficult when an incumbent gets a lot of free media coverage." "Establishing campaign spending limits that are fair and equitable is essential, especially considering today's costs of conducting a campaign," said Tony Tsakakis, press secretary for Wayne Owens, Utah Democratic gubernatorial candidate.

Costs of conducting a gubernatorial campaign, especially in Utah, are relatively insignificant compared to Congressional and Presidential campaigns.

A record of at least \$135 million is expected to be spent on all sides before the battle for the presidency is over.

Reagan, only five months into his campaign fund drive, amassed the legal limit of \$14 million for prevention spending.

Combined with about \$10 million in federal matching funds appropriated for political campaigns, the president's re-election effort had more than \$24 million to spend before the Republican convention in Dallas.

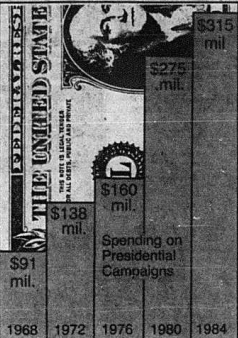
Tim Finchem, Mondale's chief fundraiser, said in U.S. News & World Report that most of their money comes from dinners, receptions and similar events. On April 2, the night before the New York primary, Mondale raised \$200,000 at a New York City banquet. In early December, some 5,000 home parties were held in conjunction with a five-minute network-TV commercial by Mondale. The evening's events netted more than \$1.4 million.

Although laws governing campaign spending are on the books, there always seems to be a way around them.

In 1974, a "post-Watergate morality" emerged. It was then that the 1974 Federal Election Campaign Act (FECA) was drawn up. The act limited campaign contributions and expenditures, provided public subsidies for presidential campaigns and conventions, and required detailed financial reports.

However, lawmakers and lawyers alike found loopholes in the laws by developing "independent expenditures" and "soft money." In which money spent by state parties (often raised nationally) is exempt from the law if used in ambiguous ways.

One development that emerged this year designed to circumvent the system is an elaborate effort by unions to "educate" their own members about the union's position. These expenditures don't count toward either the union's contribution limit or the candidate's spending limit.



	Receipts	Federal Matching Funds	Spending
REPUBLICAN Ronald Reagan	\$12.3 mil.	\$7.4 mil.	\$7.7 mil.
DEMOCRATS Walter Mondale	\$12.0 mil.	\$5.9 mil.	\$18.2 mil.
Gary Hart	\$4.5 mil.	\$2.6 mil.	\$ 6.1 mil.
Jesse Jackson	\$ 1.4 mil.	\$0.7 mil.	\$ 1.6 mil.

After the political heat has cooled, some campaign accounts will be left with thousands of dollars in them.

House and Senate rules, and in some cases federal law, prohibit members from diverting campaign funds to personal use. Critics charge that violations are routinely ignored by both Congress's ethics committees and the FEC.

The problem, the FEC contends, stems from revisions of the law that Congress made in 1979. For instance, lawmakers elected after Jan. 8, 1980 — but not those in office before — are forbidden to use leftover campaign funds when they retire. Congressmen elected before that time essentially can use the money as they see fit.

Retiring Representative John Rhodes, of Arizona, used \$11,272 in surplus campaign funds to pay for two oil portraits of himself. Representative Sam Hall Jr., D-Texas, ran up \$12,096 in American Express bills for "campaign" meals, travel, gifts and entertainment.

Not all lawmakers are comfortable with campaign laws as they are. Representative Andrew Jacobs Jr., D-Ill., for instance, has introduced legislation to bar members from keeping leftover campaign funds.

Idaho quake remembered by residents

CHALLIS, Idaho (AP) — It was a sunny fall morning when the most violent earthquake in the contiguous United States in a quarter-century wracked the towns and ranches along the Lost River Range, killing two small children.

Twelve months later, the people of central Idaho still are seeking reconciliation with the forces that left their lives as fissured as the land. Some don't want to leave, others just can't, but no one is allowed to forget.

On Oct. 28, 1983, earthquake hit 7.3 on the Richter scale, the largest quake in the Lower 48 since 1980. It remains a vivid memory in Mackay, mile-high Challis and the rippled country surrounding the towns.

Any chance the recollection would fade has been erased by tens of thousands of smaller tremors scientists predict may continue for years.

"You don't know if the earth's going to open up and swallow you — you don't know if a mountain's going to fall on top of you," says Scot Tappan, a Challis grocer whose store is down the street from a building that toppled on two children walking to school on the crisp October morning.

Doctor finds 'clear evidence' of sexual abuse to children

CHICAGO (AP) — A doctor who examined 24 children allegedly victimized by two sex rings based in a Minnesota community said he found evidence that "most were sexually abused," according to a medical journal. The report comes two weeks after prosecutors dropped all charges in the case.

"Clearly there was sexual abuse against many of these children. The physical evidence is definite," Dr. Barry Bershow of Burnsville, a Minneapolis suburb, is quoted as saying in a copyright story in Friday's American Medical News.

Prosecutors have alleged that 40 children were abused during activities of two sex rings in Jordan, Minn., and nearby areas of Scott County, court records indicate.

Twenty-five people were charged in the case, one of whom pleaded guilty in a plea-bargain arrangement. Two others were acquitted Sept. 19, and Scott County Prosecutor Kathleen Morris dropped all the charges against the other 22 on Oct. 13.

Bershow had testified in a pretrial hearing involving Robert and Lois Bentz, the couple acquitted of charges that they abused one of their sons and four neighborhood children.

The News, a weekly publication of the American Medical Association, quoted the doctor as saying that despite the difficulty in finding physical evidence of sexual abuse, "I did find definite evidence on many of these children" alleged to have been victims of the two sex rings.

Don Nichols, a Minneapolis attorney who represented Scott County Deputy Sheriff Donald Buchan, one of those charged with sexual abuse, disputed Bershow's findings.

"He (Bershow), in fact, admitted (at the pretrial hearing) the kids' findings could have been within the 'normal range,' Nichols said. "One of the Buchan children was taken to him early this year, and his finding at that time was there was no sexual abuse."

Charges against Buchan and his wife, Cindy, were dismissed as their trial was about to begin Oct. 15.

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BYU FORUM ASSEMBLIES

Strobe Talbott
Diplomatic Correspondent for TIME
"Deadly Gambits: America and Russia on Disarmament"

Of all the ways in which the U.S. and the Soviet Union compete, none is of greater importance and danger than their rivalry in the acquisition and deployment of nuclear weaponry. Should these superpowers ever come to blows, it would almost certainly be with these arms that they would strike each other, if not at the outset of hostilities, then as soon as one side believed it was losing. Yet these weapons are so powerful and numerous that they have, in a curious, paradoxical, and somewhat reassuring way, negated their own military utility. For if either side ever resorted to the use of nuclear weapons, the result would probably be that side's own destruction as well as mass destruction inflicted on its enemy.

Strobe Talbott will discuss the factors that have resulted in the stalemate in nuclear arms control. He will discuss not only how, but why the most vital negotiations of our time — the arms control talks between the United States and Soviet Union — collapsed into dangerous stalemate.

Tues., Oct. 30, 1984 **Marriott Center** **11:00 a.m.**
There will be a Question and Answer Session in the Varsity Theatre at 12:00 noon

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Information Meeting
Tuesday, Oct. 30
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347 ELWC

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Politicking changed by media age

ALBANY, N.Y. (AP) — George Washington, Abraham Lincoln and Franklin D. Roosevelt may have been the perfect presidential picks in their times, but in today's media age, they'd have flopped, a history professor says.

If you took Washington and put him on television, he would have made Walter Mondale, on his worst and stiffest day, look, if you'll pardon the expression, like the "Great Communicator," said Thomas O. Kelly II, professor of American History at Siena College.

Lincoln, who "was considered by some to be even uglier before he grew the beard," also would have a hard time, Kelly said recently.

"His high-pitched, piercing voice probably would have sounded quite bad on television and radio," he said.

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Cheating remains problem

By JONATHAN AIKLE
Universe Staff Writer

Education has turned into a war between grades and ethics, between studying and copying, and between future ideals and academic demands.

A recent article in *The Salt Lake Tribune* said, "Air Force Academy officers are investigating the school's worst cheating scandal in almost 20 years, and higher education researchers are reporting a national, 15-year decline in the social consciousness of college students."

The article also said, "However, Utah college and university officials say cheating exists but isn't any worse on their campuses now than for the past 10 or 15 years."

Some university officials feel there is a great interest among students for academic honesty, which leads to the awareness of cheating.

"We hope students would inform us when they see other students cheating," said Robert C. Thorbeck, assistant director of University Standards. "Professors, in most cases, can do much to stem cheating."

In the February 1980 issue of *Engineering Education*, Jack B. Evelt told of the instructors' responsibilities for preventing academic dishonesty. He suggested that professors consider this responsibility a privilege.

Patti Johnson, a doctoral student of Arizona State University studying education, said teachers need to develop "a systematic plan to deter, detect and prosecute cheating."

Students must be told of their moral responsibilities, emphasizing that cheating will not be tolerated."

According to Johnson, teachers should seek to ensure equal access to study materials including old homework solutions, examination papers, etc. "Instructors can minimize the effect of grades on assignments that cannot be closely controlled."

"Courses should be challenging, but not overwhelming. Unreasonably difficult and unrealistic demands invite cheating." Uninteresting, tire exercises that do not stimulate learning fall into the same category.

Insistence on memorization of a large number of dates, locations, formulas or other bits of information may also be resented. Johnson said, "Once convinced, that the course requirements are unrealistic or unreasonable, even the able student may find justification for cheating."

A key aspect in the prevention of cheating is setting an academic atmosphere



Although the incidence of cheating has not risen dramatically in Utah, a number of students continue to rationalize and attempt to obtain better grades through cheating. Students, as well as professors, can help decrease cheating.

where honesty is an expected standard and any deviation from this standard can be readily detected and handled, said Johnson.

Thorbeck said there are two ways professors could help decrease cheating at BYU: to mention and affirm the honor code throughout the semester and to let the students know that if they cheat they will be sent to standards.

"Honesty is a habit that has to be acquired like anything that is really worthwhile," said Elder Robert L. Backman, a member of the First Quorum of Seventy of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, during last Tuesday's devotional assembly.

"All of our lives we face tests of character," said Elder Backman, "and if we have been taught well, we are sure we want to be honest, courageous and compas-

sionate." Elder Backman told students integrity bears strongly on personal success in this life.

This integrity should be strong in other areas besides cheating on a test or a paper. Dwight M. Blood, professor of managerial economics, said, "Students should have integrity and accept the grade they deserve."

"Cheating is gaining unfair advantage over other students. Asking a teacher for an incomplete grade or a grade change without a legitimate excuse is dishonest as far as I'm concerned."

Blood said the students who are cheating are usually the ones who are failing the course anyway. "I usually handle the problem myself, but if I felt the need, I would send the student to standards."

"It is so easy to rationalize," said Elder Backman. "To most life's character tests takes consistent work."

Auto sale decline blamed on strike

TORONTO (AP) — The major U.S. automakers said strikes against GM led to a 6.5 percent decline in their combined mid-October sales compared with a year earlier.

The Labor Department reported consumer prices rose 0.4 percent in September, producing a moderate annual inflation rate of 4.2 percent for the first nine months of 1984.

Meantime, *Fortune* magazine said, business is more confident about future prosperity than it was six months ago.

Yields on bank accounts fell in the past week by the largest amount for any week since the government lifted interest-rate ceilings a year ago, an industry newsletter reports.

The drop in yields on bank money-market accounts and certificates of deposit was an acceleration of the downward trend in interest rates since late summer, said Robert E. Heady, publisher of the Miami-based *Bank Rate Monitor*.

The declines in bank account yields follow a quarter-point reduction to 12.5 percent in the prime, or base, lending rate at most major banks, Heady said.

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Family found after 62 years

ROCHESTER, N.Y. (AP) — At age 82, Albert Hyde was accustomed to living alone in a log cabin and riding his bicycle four miles a day to fetch water from Jim Bryant's barber shop.

He thought he would live his final years without a family — until one day this month when he heard some piano tunes played in a way he hadn't heard them played in 62 years.

There were songs like "Till We Meet Again," "Down by the Old Mill Stream," "When Irish Eyes Are Smiling" and "The Old Rugged Cross."

Finding out the old standards in forgettable style on a grand piano at a church hall was the younger sister he had not seen since 1922, when she was 13, and he called her "Pumpkin seed."

"Her features changed a little bit, but otherwise I recognized her right there by the way she looked and the way she was playing," Hyde said this week.

"I'm Albert. I'm your brother," Hyde told Mary McKnight, of Rochester, his voice cracking. Then they embraced as others at the senior citizens' luncheon in the town of Central Square looked on in astonishment.

"I think it was a godsend," Hyde said. "I figured, 'They're all gone. I'm alone and that's it.' I never dreamt of this."

Hyde, who had lost track of his family after his parents separated around 1920, soon found out from her that he had three other sisters and a brother who are living.

FBI to test crime file

WASHINGTON (AP) — An FBI advisory group has approved testing of a computer file that could enable investigative agencies across the nation to exchange names of white-collar crime suspects and their associates, an agency spokesman confirmed early today.

The panel, meeting last week in Arlington, Va., approved further study of the Economic Crime Index, FBI spokesman Lane Bonner said.

Information about suspects in financial crimes would be a prime focus of the project, Bonner said.

THE UNDERGROUND

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Break through to The 1984-85

BYU Services and Directory

Soaring to you this week is The 1984-85 BYU Services and Directory! This book offers pages and pages of phone numbers for students, faculty and staff, department offices, and campus services. Campus events, a campus map, and informative ads are other great features found in the Services and Directory. Monday and Tuesday the Directory will be distributed to on-campus offices and dorms. Starting Wednesday, directories will be available for students who live off-campus to pick up at the south entrance of the Garden Court in the Wilkinson Center. Marvel at what you can find in this years' BYU Services and Directory!

One copy per apartment please.